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(Residential Autonomous College affiliated to University of Calcutta)

B.A./B.Sc. SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATION, AUGUST 2021**FIRST YEAR [BATCH 2020-23]****PHYSICS (HONOURS)****PAPER : III [CC3]**

Date : 10/08/2021

Time : 11 am – 1 pm

Full Marks : 50

Answer **any five** of the following questions:

[5×10]

1. a) Given a function
- $f(x) = x \sin x$

Write down its Fourier series in the interval $0 < x < 2\pi$.

- b) Write down the Fourier series of
- $f(x) = 2x - x^2$
- in the interval
- $0 < x < 3$
- . Hence show that

$$\frac{1}{1^2} - \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} - \frac{1}{4^2} + \dots = \frac{\pi}{12}$$

[5+5]

2. a) Consider the function
- $f(x) = \sin x$
- ,
- $0 < x < \pi$
- .

Sketch the even periodic extension of $f(x)$. Hence compute its Fourier series.

- b) Given
- $x = 2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1}}{n} \sin nx$

Compute the Fourier series of $f(x) = x^2$ in the interval $-\pi < x < \pi$. From the Fourier seriesexpansion of $f(x)$ show that, $2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1}}{n^2} = \frac{\pi^2}{6}$.

[5+5]

3. a) Evaluate the Fourier transform of
- $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1-x^2 & , -1 \leq x \leq 1 \\ 0 & , |x| > 1 \end{cases}$

Now making use of the inverse Fourier transform evaluate the integral.

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{x \cos x - \sin x}{x^3} \cos \frac{x}{2} dx.$$

- b) Consider a metallic rod of length 2 m. The left and the right ends are maintained at a temperature of
- 0°C
- and
- 100°C
- , respectively. Determine the temperature
- $T(x, t)$
- of the rod as a function of
- x

and t . The initial conditions are $T(x, 0) = \begin{cases} 100x, & 0 < x < 1 \\ 100, & 1 < x < 2 \end{cases}$

[5+5]

4. a) Consider a string of length 2 m, whose two ends are fixed and the velocity is 30 m/s. The initial conditions are given as

$$u(x, 0) = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} u(x, 0) = 300 \sin 4\pi x$$

Evaluate the solution of the wave equation of this vibrating string. Hence determine the maximum displacement of the string at a distance $x = \frac{1}{8} \text{ m}$.

- b) Consider a vibrating string π m long, and both of its ends are fixed. If the initial displacement is $f(x)$ and its initial velocity is $g(x)$. Find the expression for $u(x, t)$. [5+5]
5. a) Use Frobenius method to solve the following differential equation for Hermite polynomial around $x=0$
- $$\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} - 2x \frac{dy}{dx} + 2ny = 0 \text{ where } n \text{ is a non-negative integer.}$$
- b) Legendre polynomials may be expressed as $(1-2tx+t^2)^{-\frac{1}{2}} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} P_n(x)t^n$
- Use the above relation to show that i) $(n+1)\{P_n P'_{n+1} - P_{n+1} P'_n\} = P_0^2 + 3P_1^2 + 5P_2^2 + \dots + (2n+1)P_n^2$ [6+4]
6. a) Show that Bessel functions defined by $e^{\frac{x}{2}(t-\frac{1}{t})} = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} J_n(x)t^n$ have the integral representation
- $$J_n(x) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} \cos(x \sin \theta - n\theta) d\theta$$
- b) If α and β are the roots of the equation $J_0(x) = 0$ show that
- $$\int_0^1 x J_0(\alpha x) J_0(\beta x) dx = \frac{1}{2} \delta_{\alpha\beta} J_1^2(\alpha)$$
- c) Prove that $J_1'' = \left(\frac{2}{x^2} - 1\right) J_1(x) - \frac{1}{x} J_0(x)$ [2+5+3]
7. a) Express the following function in terms of Legendre polynomial $1+2x-3x^2+4x^3$
- b) Evaluate (i) $\int_0^1 \frac{x^{m-1}(1-x)^{n-1}}{(a+bx)^{m+n}} dx$
- (ii) $\int_0^{\infty} e^{-x^4} dx$ [4+(3+3)]
8. a) In a bolt factory machines A, B and C manufacture 25%, 35% and 40% of the total. Of their output 5%, 4% and 2% are defective bolts. A bolt is drawn at random from the product and is found to be defective. What are the probabilities that it was manufactured by machine A, B or C?
- b) Define Poisson's distribution.
- c) Calculate the mean and standard deviation of Poisson's distribution. [5+1+4]

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